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Oldest Daily Newspaper in the United States and Best Advertising Medium in Northern Virginia.

Alexandria Gazette

For this section—Fair tonight and Tuesday. Continued cool.

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CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

John N. Lawler has entered the officers' training camp, quartermaster's corps, Jacksonville, Florida.

Oriental Court No. 10, will tonight confer degrees on several candidates at a meeting which will be held in Pythian Temple.

Seevral cases of no interest or importance were disposed of in the Police Court this morning. The receipts, however, totaled $95.

Miss Florence A. Long has returned from a delightful visit to Richmond, where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Evans.

Judge William C. Gloth has received his appointment as food administrator for Alexandria county in place of Mr. Frank Lyon, resigned.

George T Finnell, 200 South Lee street, has recived word of the safe arrival overseas of his brother, Private Charlie Finnell.

The funeral of Magnus L. Robinson, colored, a former resident, who died in Washington will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from Roberts Chapel.

Mr. J. B .Fitzgeraid and wife, Mr. W. B. Davis and wife and Mr. F. G. Saunders wife and son, have gone to Piney Point, Md., to stay until September.

In order to finsh the allotment of oakum pads the rooms of the Red Cross wil be open every day this week from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 7:30 to 10 p. m.

Mrs Irving Brawner, 417 North niece, Miss Ruth Francis, have returned from Old Sweet Springs, and are now at 1242 Rhode Island avenue, northwest, Washington.

Mrs. Irving Brawner, 417h Nort Columbus street, has as her guests, Miss Minnie W. Lee, of Darby, Philadelphia, and Miss Dorothy R. Lee, of Sharon Hill, Philadelphia.

Mr. H. R .Thomas, who for the past five years has been employed with the Alexandria Fertilizer and Chemical Company, has accepted a position as auditor with the United States Shipping Board.

The funeral of Lewis L. Lyles, fifteen years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Lyles, took place this afternoon from Beulah Baptist Church, Fairfax county. He died Saturday afternoon at the residence of his parents, 1214 King street.

Funeral services for John T. Duncan were held at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his late residence, Mount Vernon avenue, and were conducted by Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector of Grace P. E. Church, and burial was made in Bethel cemetery.

Clarence J. Robinson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Robinson, who Saturday last graduated in aviation at Princeton University, is on a short visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Robinson, 428 North Washington street, and will leave tomorrow for an aviation field where he will take up his work.

Mrs. Ida Whitehead, wife of Frank Whitehead, a former resident of this city, died this morning in Washington. The body will be brought here today and taken to the home of her sister, Mrs. James J. Garvey, 406 Prince street. The deceased, in addition to her husband, is survived by a son, Blair Whitehead.

FREIGHT HITS AUTO

Gastonia, N. C., Aug. 19—Charles C. Holler, aged 48, of Claremont, N. C., was instantly killed and seven of his children, ages ranging from 2 to 18 years, were injured, two of them probably fatally, when the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Southern Railway freight train at a grade crossing at Grover, N. C., 20 miles south of here yesterday afternoon.

The injured were brought on a special train to Gastonia and placed in a hospital, where it was found that the injuries of Miss Kate Holler, aged 16, and Charline Holler, aged 4, children of the dead man, are of a very serious nature.

REGISTER SATURDAY.

Young Men Who Have Become 21 Since June 5 or By August 24.

Members of the local draft board have completed arrangements for the registration of all men who have reached 21 next Saturday. The offices of the local draft board, on the second floor of the postoffice building, will be open all day for that purpose. It is not thought that there will be more than seventy-five men from this city and county who will register.

Those who must register Saturday are all male persons who have become twenty-one years old since June 5, 1918, and on or before August 24, 1918.

These men should consult local draft boards as to how and where they should register.

DRAFT BILL PARAMOUNT

Likely to Halt Dry Vote—Senate May Take Up Food Production Bill Monday—Drys Will be Urged to Give Way for Draft Bill.

A head-on collision between the draft bill, to extend ages from 18 to 45, and the prohibition measure threatens to occur in the Senate.

With pressure strong for quick passage of the draft bill, but with prospects for much debate developing over some features of it, the Senate is under agreement to take up the food production bill, including the Norris dry amendment, next Monthat any agreement entered into inamendment shall not be disposed of except by vote.

Unless the draft bill can be hurried through much more expeditiously than now anticipated, the drys will be urged to allow their measure to give way for the draft bill.

They are not willing to give way to anything unless it is distinctly understood that the Senate shall vote on prohibition in the near future.

Before the recess of the Senate several weeks ago, the drys insisted that any agrement entered into include definite provison for a vote. They obtained such an understanding. Having got it, they do not intend to lose that advantage.

On the other hand, the opposition to prohibition, if it can stay a vote on the Norris amendment for two or three weeks, calculates the pressure of business, especially the revenue bill, will block voting on the dry question indefinitely.

Monday, August 26 is the date named in the agreement for the Senate to take up the food production bill. Even if the Senate should start consideration of the draft bill Thursday, as Senator Chamberlain desires, it is not likely the draft measure could be out of the way by that time. Some phases of the draft measure are arousing controversy. One is the lowering of the age limit to eighteen. Another is the "work or fight" amendment.

Senator Simons, chairman of the Finance Committee, will present to the Senate, when the prohibition question is taken up, detailed figures showing the effect of dry legislation on the reynues.

He will seek to show that if the country is forced to a bone-dry basis this fiscal year it will be embarrassing to the Treasury. This will be disputed by the drys.

It is probale the main controversy in the Senate over the dry measure apart from the question of considering it ahead of the draft bill, will center about the revenue and financial effects, inasmuch as other phases of prohibition have been discussed in the Senate at length on different occasions

Sixty tons of bombs were dropped by British raiding machines on the German submarine bases at Zeebrugge and Ostend Thursday, the British Admiralty announced last night. Other military objectives also were attacked. Six German airplanes were destroyed when the aerodrome at Varssenaere was bombed. A direct hit upon a German destroyer off the Belgian coast was scored, followed by an explosion. British aircraft brought down thirty-one hostile machines and one balloon, losing only three of their own machines.

Since July 18, the allies have advanced from one to twenty-five miles along a 106-mile front.

REV. DR. JONES DEAD

Retired Episcopal Clergyman Dies This Afternoon. For Several Years Was Associate Rector of St. Thomas' Church, New York.

Rev. Dr. W. Strother Jones, sixty-six years old, a retired Episcopal clergyman, died at 12:49 o'clock this afternon at his residence, 611 Prince street. His death followed a long illness. The deceased had been in failing health for a year and a half.

Rev. Dr. Jones only moved to Alexandria about two months ago from New York.

For nearly four years the deceased was the associate rector of St. Thomas' Church, 53th and Fifth Avenue, New York.

He received his education at Washington and Lee and William and Mary Colleges.

In addition to his wife, Mrs. Minnie Smoot Jones, he is survived by three sons; J. Smoot Jones, quartermaster's department Washington, D. C.; W. Strother Jones, Jr., officers, material school, Pelham Bay, N. Y.; Lieut. E. H. Jones, U. S. N, now in European waters. He also leaves three brothers and three sisters as follows: Dr. T. Marshall Jones, Alexandria; James Fitzgerald Jones, King George county, Va., Fielding L. Jones, Los Angeles, Cal.; Mrs. Charles S. Marshall, Hume, Fauquier county, Va.; Mrs. H. M. McIlheny, Staunton, Va.; Mrs. W. W. S. Butler, Roanoke, Va.; With him when the end came were his wife, J. S. Jones, W. S. Jones, Jr., Dr. T. M. Jones and Mrs. McIlheny and Mrs. Burch, Philadelphia, sister of Mrs. Jones. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

BEST RIFLE YET MADE.

Invented by Alexandrian—Shoots 350 Bullets a Minute.

An Alexandrian has just invented an automatic machine rifle which is said to have been pronounced by government experts superior to any gun now in use by the soldiers in this or any other country. According to reports it is probable that the War Department may acquire the rights.

The gun ready for use, it is estimated, will weigh eight and one-quarter pounds. It is claimed that it can be changed instantly from a magazine to a single shot rifle. When a belt is used, it is believed, the gun will shoot between 350 and 400 bullets of 30 caliber a minute.

The rfle has twenty-two parts and can be assembled quickly, a small screwdriver being the only tool needed. There are but seven moving parts and one of its greatest conveniences is said to be simplicity. It is stated the gun may be cooled by either air or water and may be fired from the shoulder or a tripod.

FOOD SITUATION SERIOUS

No Potatoes Available for Weeks in Stockholm, Coffee Unobtainable and Out of Sight.

Stockholm, Aug. 19.—Food supply is so short and prices so high that the situation is becoming serious for all except the well-to-do. No potatoes have been available for weeks. The new crop is selling at the equivalent of $1.20 a quart, or $9.60 a peck. Tea costs the equivalent of $21 a pound, and is almost unobtainable.

The last ration of coffee issued five weeks ago amounted to three and one-half ounces for each person, and the same amount of inferior lard was issued a month ago. About one ounce of butter is issued to each person once a week.

Virtually the only vegetables on the market are spinach and asparagus. Eggs bring $1.20 a dozen, and the cheapest cuts of boiling beef $1.20 per pound, mutton and veal cutlets $2 a pound, poultry as high as $1.34 a pound. No pork has been issued since May 13.

Hothouse peaches, virtualy the only fruit obtainable, sell at $1 each. Neither macaroni nor any cereal product is obtainable, nor are there any legumes to be had except an occasional issue of three and one-half ounces of dried peas.

Long drought has affected the crops.

Jumbo Hard-Shell Crabs; Linden Bay (very large) clams. Jacob Brill, fot of King street. 194-3t

MUST CONSERVE COAL

Fuel Administrator Byrd Urges Use of Wood in Order to Release Coal For War Industries. Asks That all Coal Users Reduce Amount to the Minimum.

Harry Byrd Flood, federal fuel administrator for Virginia, has sent out letters to all members of local fuel commissions and industrial consumers throughout Virginia calling their attention to the grave shortage of coal that is now threatening. The letter follows:

"I beg to call your attention to the Proclamation of President Wilson, addressed to the miners and mine operators, urging maximum production and calling attention to the grave shortage of coal that is now threatening. In fact, the President considers the shortage of coal to be the chief obstacle in our preparations to successfully prosecute the war. It would appear to me that this Proclamation should be taken by all consumers of coal as a request to conserve coal to the utmost and to substitute wood for coal wherever possible.

"Virginia is doing her part in the conservation of coal by economic use and by the substitution of wood, but I want to urge that if possible, greater economics in this direction be effected. Every one should feel that the use of wood releases an equivalent amount of coal for our war industries and to warm the homes of those where it is impossible to obtain wood.

"I, therefore, ask the co-operation of all users of coal in Virginia to the end that the demand for coal be reduced to the lowest minimum."

SPAIN AND GERMANY.

Castilians Will Demand Gibraltar And Morocco as Price for Entering The War.

Madrid, via London, Aug. 19.—The German reply to Spain's protest against the persistent German U-boat attacks on Spanish shipping has been received here, according to a report emanating from diplomatic circles The text is expected to be published shortly.

Washington, Aug. 19.—The crisis between Spain and Germany took a sharp turn recently, when, according to reliable reports, the Spanish government decided to adopt a strong policy toward Germany that might at any moment result in a break. In her last note to Berlin, Spain threatened the confiscation of German shipping in Spanish ports if the U-boat attacks on Spanish vessels did not promptly and permanently cease.

That Spain, now on the verge of joining the entente against the central powers, will demand Gibraltar and Morocco as its price for entering the war is the belief in Washington.

Its action in notifying Germany that it will seize German ships equal in tonnage to Spanish vessels sunk by German torpedoes will in all probability be regarded by the Huns as a casus belli, for Germany holds it her right to sink neutral ships at will.

If Spain enters the war it will be a case of Hapsburg against Hapsburg, for King Alonso is of the same ruling family as Emperor Karl of Austria. But Alfonso is having little to say about his country's policy.

The Spanish cabinet is the decisive factor.

Premier Maura has always been bitter toward England for its refusal to give up the rock of Gibraltar, and it is expected that he will demand Spanish control of the great fortification in return for sending an army to the Westeren front. Foreign Minister Dato coincides with Maura's policy.

Spanish control of the Straits of Gibraltar is essential to Spain's ambition to rule Morocco, now a French protectorate. Spain will also demand that the French relinquish their control of Morocco if it enters the war, it is believed here.

German Official Bombed.

Zurich, Aug. 19.—A bomb was thrown at the chief of the German secret police in Warsaw, but the attempt failed, according to a dispatch from that city received today.

A German patrol killed two of the assassins, but he rest escaped.

Infantry and cavalry are patrolling the streets. Many arrests have been made in the vicinity of the attack.

TIRED OF SAVING?

Imagine the Thoughts of a Soldier When he Hears Complaints.

Are you tired of saving food? Tired of making bread from flour you never used before, tired of going without sugar, tired of having to say "I can't" it's against the rules of conservation?"

Yes, and there are others who are tired. The British Tommy and the French poilu are tired of four years in muddy trenches. The pitiful "army of civilians behind the lines" is tired of Hun servitude. Some of our own American boys may be growing just a trifle tired of being 3,000 miles away from home with no immediate prospect of return. No one hears a murmur from across the water about the fatigue that lies heavy upon the whole Allied world. They are out to win. They may drop for a moment, but there is always "the second wind" which never fails to come.

Here at home are persons who complain of being tired of their share in the war when that share is merely judicious eating, They long for peace as a time of bountiful food, as if more food in the future were the only thing for which millions of men have given their lives.

Grim, determined and uncomplaining the American soldiers and sailors go about their job. War to them is a task, an opportunity, a duty; so why complain?

The morale of this army of ours is dependent on the strength of those at home. A whisper of complain' goes far and grows louder as it resounds across the Atlantic.

Imagine the thoughts of a soldier standink knee deep in trench mud with shells bursting all around him, when he reads in a letter from America, "We are feeling the war now. We get no more than two pounds of sugar each month, and I have not seen wheat bread for weeks."

Feeling the war? Well, perhaps. But not the way the women of Northern France are feeling it. The strong chain which pulls for victory must not be weakened by a single link of complaint The rules for saving are not unreasonable. Remember there are those in this world who are really tired and are too brave to say so

Amusements

GRAND—A big Western show featuring Jewel Carmen, the well-known stage star, will be the principal attraction at the Grand Theater tonight. Tomorrow William S. Hart will be seen in one of his startling Western dramas. The added attraction will be entitled "His Enemy, The Law."

RICHMOND — Douglas Fairbanks' newest photoplay, "Bound In Morocco," one of the most novel pictures in which he ever has appeared will be displayed at the Richmond tonight. In this photoplay Mr. Fairbanks portrays the role of an optimistic smiling and brave young American who has remarkable adventures in El Harib, a town on the edge of the Sahara Desert. He battles against big odds to save a girl from the clutches of a cruel despot and plays some wonderful pranks, all of which are bound to be of interest to even the most blase photo lover.

SURPRISE—A story of love and intrigue and of a gripping international situation saved by a woman's wiles, is Lina Cavalieri's first Paramount photoplay, "The Eternal Temptress." Opening at the commencement of the present international war, the scenes lead to a climax of thrilling intensity. "The Eternal Temptress" is scheduled to be shown at the Surprise Theater tonight. "The House of Hate" will also be shown. As heretofore published, pictures will be shown only on Mondays and Saturdays during the remodeling of the Surprise.

A French soldier whose wife served him coffee in a cup bearing the Kaiser's picture, has been acquitted by a Paris court-martial, trying him for killing her. Testimony showed that the cup was part of a set of dishes given her by German officers with whom she admitted she had been intimate at Douai.

A large oil tank steamer was afire about 25 miles off Cape Hatteras, according to reports, brought to Beaufort, North Carolina, last night. A submarine is lying close by. The members of the crew have been taken off by life guards. It is presumed the submarine is a German and the tanker was set on fire by shellfire.

WAR CAMP ACTIVITIES.

Soldiers From Camp Humphreys Spend Enjoyable Week-End.

The week-end program of the Alexandria War Camp Community Service was enjoyed by hundreds of men from Camp Humphreys and other nearby points. The Enlisted Men's Club was crowded Saturday and Sunday, while the attendance at the dance Saturday night was especially large. The band from Camp Humphreys played for this affair which had been planned as a block dance, but which was brought to the dance floor of the Enlisted Men's Club because of the uncertainty of the weather.

Every cot at the Enlisted Men's Club was used on Saturday night and besides these, many more were given tickets for cots in the Catholic Lyceum. On Sunday morning, breakfast was served to one hundred men at the Enlisted Men's Club, by the ladies of St. Mary's Church.

Mr. R. A. Hoyer, Secretary of the War Camp Community Service states that the bulletin cards have come from the printer and are ready to be placed on the company bulletin boards at Camp Humphreys, as well as convenient boards throughout the city. These bulletins contain information as to the activities for the men when in the city, the places of historic interest, and a roster of the church services.

FRFNCH IN NEW DRIVE

Picardy And Aisne-Vesle Fronts Are Now Joined.

Paris, Aug. 19. (noon).—The French in a new drive between the Oise and the Aisne yesterday advanced a mile and a quarter on a front of more than nine miles, establishing complete connection betwen the Picardy and Aisne-Vesle battle fronts, the French war office announced today.

The advance was made between Carlepont (four miles east of Ribecourt), and Fontenoy (five miles west of Soisosns), which marked the western end of the Marne counter-offensive. The French occupied the important plateau west of Nampcel. They also reached the southern border of the Audinicourt ravine (five miles southeast of Carlepont) and captured the village of Nouvron-Vingre (a mile and a half north of Fontenoy) They took 1,700 prisoners.

London, Aug. 19.—British troops advanced yesterday on a four-mile front to a depth of between 1,000 and 2,000 yards betwen Vieux Berquin and Baileul, on the Flanders front capturing the village of Outtersteene and seevral farms. Four hundred prisoners wer taken. Progress was also made by the British southwest of Mervile, in Flanders.

On the Picardy front, British forces advanced betwen Chilly and Fransart.

RICE RIOTS IN JAPAN.

10,000 Fight Soldiers, 200 Killed Over Profiteering.

London, Aug. 19.—A dispatch to the Express from Tokyo, dated Thursday, states that 200 persons were killed during the "rice riots." Great property damage also is reported.

The correspondent says there is a plentiful supply of rice available, but the profiteers have managed to prevent government control of prices

The worst and most extensive riots Japan has seen in years are raging in various big Japanese cities, according to advices from Tokyo and Tien Tsin. At several places troops have been called out and bloody conflicts with mobs have occurred.

A dispatch dated Wednesday tells of mobs tearing through the main streets of the Japanese capital shouting, "War to the rice profiteers." One clash was fought between soldiers and a mob of 30,000.

An incendiary mob burned down the Nagoya Suzuki offices at Kobe, while soldiers charged into the rioters with fixed bayonets. In Maizaro, Kura and Osaka the riots are particularly violent and are spreading.

The ban on manufacture of ice cream in Washington will probably continue in effect for several days after the expiration of the week period originally set by the District food administrator. Manufacture of ice cream in Washington was stopped by the District food administrator because of the threatened shortage of ice in the capital city.

ISSUES PROCLAMATION

Gov. Davis Orders Campaign for Virginia Council of Defense to be Held Throughout the State August 25-31 to Secure 25,000 Contributing Members—Contributions Limited From $1 to $10.

The supreme importance of securing a widespread and general interest in the activities of the Virginia Council of Defense has prompted the Governor of Virginia to issue a proclamation setting aside the week of August 25-31 during which a campaign will be waged to secure 25,000 contributing members. The proclamation follows:

State Council of Defense Week
A proclamation by the Governor of Virginia.

Whereas, Victory in the war for world liberty in which we are engaged can be gained only through the united efforts of all our people; and

Whereas, The Virginia Council of Defense, duly created by law, is the legal agency through which all war activities in Virginia are encouraged, correlated, co-ordinated and directed in co-operation with the Federal government through the Council of National Defense; and

Whereas, General and more widespread public interest and participation in the work of the Virginia Council of Defense will insure its greatest usefulness to the nation in helping win the war; and there being no better way of securing popular interest or any public undertaking than to make the people themselves participating shareholders in the enterprise; now

Therefore, I, Westmoreland Davis, Governor of Virginia, do call upon the people of Virginia to enroll themselves as contributing members of the Virginia Council of Defense; and, as the primary purpose of this call for service is not to raise a large fund, but to secure a general Statewide interest in the work of the Council and provide it with sufficient funds properly to perform the work required of it by the government of the United State, the size of individual contributions will be limited to sums ranging from one to ten dollars. During the week of August 25-31, 1918, to be known and observed as "State Council of Defense Week" in Virginia, I invite the patriotic bankers of the State to aid in this war service by acting as agents of the Virginia Council of Denfense in supervising the campaign and soliciting and receiving funds from the loyal people of the State who enroll themselves as contributing members.

Given under my hand, and under the Lesser Seal of the Commonwealth, at Richmond, this 15th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the one hundred and forty-third year of the Commonwealth.

WESTMORELAND DAVIS,
Governor.

By the Governor:
B. O. James,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

With the exception of some of the larger states, where sums ranging from $500,000 to $5,000,000 a year have been appropriated, the appropriation of the States have been augmented by private subscriptions, and this plan has proved extremely popular and productive of good, in that it excites a very much more general interest in the work of the State Councils, as well as in all the counties and communities throughout the States which conducted popular subscription campaigns.

Virginia, however, is trying a new plan. In the other States rich men were solicited; as in Missouri, for contributions ranging from $25 to $5,000 each; in Illinois for indeterminate amounts, ranging downward from $10,000, whereas in Virginia the subscriptions will be strictly popular, as is shown under the Governor's proclamation, any man or woman may contribute one dollar, but no man or woman may contribute more than ten dollars.

DEATHS

DIED—At his residence, 611 Prince street, August 19th, 1918, REV. DR. W. STROTHER JONES, Associate Rector of St. Thomas Church, Fifth Avenue and 53rd Streets, New York City. Funeral notice later.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

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AN HOUR IN ALEXANDRIA.

W. A. Pratt, of Washington, made a trip from the capital city to Colonial Beach in a gasoline boat during the present month. He gives a thrilling description of his experience from Washington to the Potomac resort in the Times-Herald of Palatka, Florida. The boat was caught in a fierce storm on its way down the river. Mr. Pratt tells of stopping in Alexandria. He says:

"We stopped an hour at Alexandria. The town is very old and looks the part. When Saul, in anger, journeyed to Damascus he approached a town hardly more ancient in appearance than Alexandria. But herein is its principal charm, for most people admire the beauty and dignity of old age, and Alexandria is a delightful city, socially and otherwise. The people are very kind and the old town is famous for its hospitality. Here we find the Braddock House, named for that English general who marched to death and disaster in the French-Indian War, old Christ Church, where Washington and Lee worshipped, the Marshall House, where Col. Ellsworth was killed, and other points of historical interest too numerous to mention outside the covers of a book."

THE SHIPBUILDERS.

A representative of the Gazette on Saturday afternoon visited the plant of the Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation and inspected with interest these monster works which, like Aladdin's palace, have sprung up as by magic. While gazing at the ponderous cranes and other machinery necessary in the construction of modern steel ships our mind turned to antediluvian days "while the ark was preparing," also to the days of Peter the Great who worked in a shipyard in Holland, and to Rabbi Wise, of our own country, who last week started to labor in one of our shipyards.

In the early morning hours an army of men move towards the southeastern section of Alexandria, the site of the plant. Many make the trip in automobiles, trucks, on motorcycles or bicycles, but the great majority use "Shanks' mare." When the noon whistles sounds at the close of the day this great cortege returns, many in vehicles, but the mass upon their feet.

The Bulletin of Cairo, Illinois, recently published the following concerning shipbuilders:

There was never a band to lead 'em,
There was never a drum to throb,
When they marched along in an eager throng
To enlist for the Great Big Job.
But, say, if the Kaiser could see 'em,
With the sweat on each sun-bronzed brow
While their hammers ring and their sledges swing,
He'd put up his hands right now.

Far from the field of glory,
Far from the hills of France,
Where across the line the bullets whine,
And the hero waits his chance,
They rear the mighty vessels,
That soon across the foam,
Shall bring troops and guns till the beaten Huns
Are hurrying, headlong, home.

Grime and sweat is their portion
For many a weary day,
But the great shows grow with each sturdy blow,
As they steadily toil away.
For battle are won by labor
As well as by gleaming blades,
And the riveters' roar may avail us more
Than the splutter of cannonades.

They toil in the smoky shadows
Afar from the field of fame,
But each willing heart plays a mighty part
In a great and splendid game.
And when it is done and over
Their names will all be found
On the shining scroll of the honor roll
When the glory is going 'round!

DAYS OF THE STAGE COACH.

The Richmond Times-Dispatch publishes daily clippings from its files of fifty years ago. These extracts reproduce many memories of men and conditions shortly after the close of the civil war. We occasionally glance over copies of the Alexandria Gazette which were printed nearly seventy years ago. They also produce reminiscences of the long past days.

The recent order of the military authorites which makes it incumbent upon drivers of jitney busses for Camp Humphreys to leave the southeast corner of King and Pitt streets (old Marshall House corner) brings to mind conditions in Alexandria in 1856, the days of the old stage coach, when such vehicles left the same place for Winchester, Middleburg and other places. E. S. Plummer was the propreitor of the Marshall House at that time. Some of us will remember the stage coach of those days. Long before that time Mother Shipton in her prophecy of coming days had said the time would come when

Carriages without horses shall go,
And accidents fill the world with woe.

The bustle preparatory to the starting of the old stage coach from the Marshall corner in evidence scores of years ago has been reproduced at the same place in our day. Instead, however, of one coach dozens are lined up and, in fulfillment of Mother Shipton's forecast, they are minus horses.

In 1853 the advertisements of Hugh Latham and William Whaley appeared in the Gazette. These well-known citizens of bygone years operated lines of stage coaches from Alexandria to Washington. Travelers in those days who desired to go north utilized these lines to Washiigton where they took trains for Batlimore and other cities.

POETIC JUSTICE.

News from Germany tells of the death of the commander of the submarine that destroyed the Lusitania. The admiralty announces that Lieutenant Commander Schweiger, in command of the U-boat 88, ran into a British mine field near Heligoland and was killed as his boat was destroyed from contact with a mine. The New York Times, discussing this incident, says:

"There is a certain plausibility of poetic justice in his end, but if he had been human and not a German machine, he should have lived until he made away with himself; or, his mind broken with intolerable remembrances, he should have passed long years in a madhouse. But he was only a German. He only obeyed orders. To do the arch-deed of pitiless savagery was to win promotion.

"Schweiger being only a German, we cannot hope that any doubt, much less any remorse, ever interfered with his self-complacency. We cannot imagine that, in the swift surge of memories in the brain of drowning men, he saw his victims struggling in the sea soon to be his grave; that he heard the cries of those babies, those children, those women; that, in the dark closing around him, he feared the strangling hands of those nigh 800 ghosts. At fat score of murder his, but what is it compared with the millions that Germany has murdered?

"This brutal act was the pioneer of German ruin. It lay, breeding bitterness, in the American consciousness. It was the seed and prelude of American entrance into the war, and was the signal of German downfall. Schweiger should have lived to see the sequel, to see the drawers of the sword perish by the sword. He should have lived to see those 124 American dead of the Lusitania avenged."

THE SOLDIER'S PRAYER.

The words, "In hoc signo vinces," are as animating now as they were in the days of Constantine and Peter the Hermit. In these anxious days we pray for the young men "over there," while they are praying for themselves. The Lord's Prayer is brief, but to the point, and the folowing paraphrase, written by a lady of Boston and printed in a cotemporary, is pertinent at this time:

Our Father who are in Heaven as we
march forth ta fight,
Forced to kill at every step to bring
about the right,
Hallowed be Thy name upon our lips,
let us not profane—
Tho' the enemy holds a point that we
ourselves would gain
Thy kingdom come within our hearts,
to keep our spirits streng.
Thy will be done, help us to say, 'tho
we have suffered long.
On earth as it is in Heaven, may peace
at last abide,
Give us this day our daily bread, let
hunger ne'er betide,
And forgive us our trespasses as we
forgive, may our wills by good be
bent—
Even toward the enemy—a prisoner in
our tent.
Let us not be led into temptation when
from battle free,
But deliver us from evil and turn our
hearts to Thee,
For Thine is the kingdom, the power
and glory on earth and in Heaven
above.
Forever and ever help us to be guided
by thy love. AMEN.

STORAGE OF VEGETABLES.

Good Facilities Exist in Most Homes —Basement May be Used.

Before canning or drying root vegetables the housewife should carefully consider the possibility of saving time, strength, and expense by the use of storage pits or root cellars.

A half-acre garden will produce far more vegetables than the average family can consume during the summer. Only a small portion of the garden products are used as they reach maturity. Beets, late cabbage, carrots, celery, onions, parsnips, potatoes, sweet potatoes, salsify and turnpis may all be stored for winter use.

The successful storage of vegetables is not at all difficult; in act, good storage facilities already exist in most homes, it being only necessary to make use of the cellar, the attic, a large closet, or other parts of the dwelling, depending upon the character of the product to be stored. Many cellars are not well suited for this because of poor insulation or lack of ventilation. Cellars containing a funace or heating the dwelling usually are too warm and too dry or the storage of root crops. It is often possible, however, to partition off a room either in one corner or at the end of the cellar where the temperature may be controlled by means of outside windows.

Outdoor Storage Cellars.

Outdoor ctorage cellars or caves are excellent for the storage of many vegetables. They are particularly desirable on the farm, as they afford convenient and inexpensive storage facilities for surplus vegetable crops that otherwise may be lost. They possess all the advantages of the storage room in the basement and are superior in many respects. The outdoor storage cellar can be maintained at a uniform temperature over a long period. It is possible to keep the cellar cool and quickly to reduce the temperature of the stored products to the desired point for safe storage by opening the door during the night and closeing it in the morning before the air becomes warm. All ventilators should likewise be kept tightly until the outside air is again cooler than that within the cellar, when they should be opened, unless the outside temperature is so low as to be dangerous. This safeguards the product and adds to the efficiency of the storage chamber. Vegetables can be more conveniently placed in such a cellar than in the storage room in the basement of a dwelling.

When the chief use of the outdoor storage cellar is for storing turnips, beets, carrots, and other root crops commonly used as stock food, it should be located near the stable, where the material will be convenient for winter breeding. When it is to be used for vegetables for the table the cellar should be accessible from the kitchen at all times. If apples or other fruits are to be stored in an outdoor storage cellar it is desirable to have a two-compartment cellar, one for vegetables and one for apples, with aventilating apparatus in each compartment.

Small Pits Better Than Large Ones.

Outdoor banks or pits are used very generally for keeping vegetables. The conical pit is used commonly for such vegetables as potatoes, carrots, beets, turnips, salsify, parsnips and heads of cabbage.

Vegetables keep very well in such pits, but it is difficult to get them out in cold weather, so that when a pit is opend it is desirable to remove its entire contnets at once. For this reason it is advisable to construct seevral small pits rather than one large one, and instead of storing each crop in a pit by itself it is better to place a small quantity of several kinds of vegetables in the same pit, so that it will be necessary to open only one bank to get a supply of all of them. In storing several crops in the same bank it is desirable to separate them with straw, leaves, or other material. The vegetables from the small pit may be placed temporarily in the storage room in the basement, where they will be easily accessible as needed for the table.

Notice.

The Jameson Studio will close Saturday, August 17. After that day all orders may be called for at the residence, 225 North Royal Street after 8 P. M. 191-2t

Notice.

There will be a called communication of Alexandria Washington Lodge No. 22, A. F. and A. M., Monday evening, August 19, 1918, a 8 o'clock, for work. Come and help the soldiers.

By Order of the Worshipful Master,
A. G. UHLER, Secty.

VIRGINIA NEWS

Fire of unknown origin Saturday night did upward of $100,000 damage and threatened the lower end of Church street, including the St. Vincent's Hospital.

Deciding that a civil court has no right to try a man who is in the armed service of the nation, Justice Crutchfield last week turned over to naval authorities Louis Imbler, alias Dan Hobbs, charged with housebreaking and larceny. The decision is based upon a recent act of the Legislature designed to protect soldiers and sailors from civil litigation during their period of service in present emergency. He held that he had no jurisdiction over the man because he had not been released by the navy. Imbler is charged with a crime alleged to have been committed here several weeks ago. Recently he was located in a naval station at Philadelphia.

Blandly admitting that they tried to wreck the train, "just for fun," three negro boys are being held in jail at Martinsville until they can be admitted to the State Reformatory. After the Danville and Westeren train had run up a spur track into the railway station, the three boys carried two stout timbers and laid them across the metals, putting some rocks on them to make the obstruction secure. Fortunately, a flagman saw the obstruction and stopped the train just in time.

The captain and crew of a tank steamer which was sunk by a U-boat off Hatteras, arrived at Norfolk early Saturday. The captain had been picked up by a hydroaeroplane and brought to land. The men had been in a boat for six hours when they were picked up. Ten of the crew were killed and seven others were injured. The latter were brought ashore and taken to a hospital.

The two small children of Mr. and Mrs. John Purdy, of Dry Branch, were burned to death Friday, when their house was destroyed by fire, according to information reaching here last night. Mr. Purdy was at work, and Mrs. Purdy, leaving the children asleep, was visiting at a neighbor's, it is reported, when the fire was discovered.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The wiping out of an entire family of seven and the belief that six were murdered before the house was set afire, has stirred the entire countryside about Willsayville, New York. The Roth home was burned to the ground Saturday and it was only yesterday that the recovery of what remained of the charred bodies gave rise to belief expressed by neighbors and the authorities that Mrs. Roth while temporary insane, had first killed her husband and children and then perished in the blazing home after starting fire with a torch.

Throughout Russia there is a reign of terror, with the Bolsheviki trying to maintain their power by spreading fear. At the bottom of the trouble is the disaffection of peasants, who are refusing to yield grain at the low fixed price except in exchange for manufactured articles at an equally low price, which the Bolsheviki are unable to provide. Expeditions sent into villages to force the peasants to yield grain result in constant killings, the soldiers not daring to go off the railroads except in force. Last week the peasants killed 150 soldiers, annihilating an expedition against them. The Bolsheviki are having the same difficulty in Great Russia that the Germans are having in Ukrainia.

A bomb, siad to have been charged with high explosives, was found late Saturday afternoon beneath a troop train crowded with soldiers, which was just ready to depart from the Illinois Central depot in Chicago. The bomb, which consisted of a section of iron pipe 18 inches long and 2 inches thick was discovered by a train hand, who turned it over to government investigators.

No busses or street cars were in operation in London yesterday as a result of a sudden strike by 3,000 girl conductors and men drivers.

Deserters from the Austrian army arriving in Italy report that desertions are causing the greatest alarm to the Hapsburgs. In the month of May more than 24,000 Austrians deserted. Few are recaptured, despite the fact that a high price is laid on their heads.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS TO WORK AT FOOD PRODUCTION

Washington, Aug. 17. — After struggling for a long time with the knotty problem of conscientious objectors in army cantonments, the War Department now announces that the difficulty has to a large degree been solved through the aid of the farm help specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

In the various states where there are farming communities which include sects opposed to war, such as the Dunkards and Mennonites, and where additional farm help is needed, these places are made known to the cantonment commanders, together with a record of their farm labor needs.

The plan has worked out so well that in the three camps where definite lists of objectors were compiled, practically all of these men have been placed. Camp Meade had 88, all of them now at labor on farms; 100 of the 102 men at Camp Lee have been placed, and the majority of these at Camp Taylor.

Final arrangements have been made for labor furloughs for objectors in Camp Gordon, Ga.; Jackson, S. C.; Div, N. J.; Upton, N. Y.; Sherman, Ohio; Devens, Mass.; Custer, Mich.; Grant, Ill; Dodge, Iowa; Lewis, Wash., and Fort Riley, Kans. The labor specialists of the Department of Agriculture in the states where the cantonments are situated have been instructed to communicate with specialists in other states in case they cannot place all the conscientious objectors at work at once.

The furloughed men are under strict regulations drawn up by the War Department. They are placed on farms at a standard wage and reports of their conduct and effectiveness are made to the cantonment commander at monthly intervals. If their services are not satisfactory the commandant is promptly informed of the fact.

The War Department has expressed itself as thoroughly pleased with the arrangements by which the Department of Agriculture, through its farm help specialists, has aided in placing these men where their services will be an aid to victory through food production.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—In Swan's store about 4 p. m., Saturday, a silver coin purse, initials L. M. S., inside was written in full address and name, contained my husband's picture and a sum of money. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. Herbert A. Cady, nee Miss Laura Smith, 221 North Fairfax St. 196-2t.

LOST—Chain with keys, gold knife and pencil, both engraved with name "E. Millard Mayer." Liberal reward. Phone 756-J, Alexandria. 196-3t

FOR SALE AND RENT.

FOR SALE—One 1917 Studebaker, 12-passenger Jitney. Driven 3,000 miles; looks and runs like new; price, $600—one-third cash. Apply 400 14th st. n. w. Washington, D. C. Phone Main 8175. 196-6t

FOR SALE—Price $3,500,. No. 1521 King st., consisting of 6 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; immediate possession; can be inspected after 5:30 p. m. Phone 126-W. 196-6t

FOR RENT—Five-room and bath apartment. Inquire Rosenfeld's Dry Goods Store, 518 King street. 196-2t

WANTED.

WANTED—Cashier for cafe. Apply at once. 304 King st. New Southland Cafe. 196-3t

WANTED—Lunch counterman and good short-order cook; good wages. New Southland Cafe, 304 King st. 196-3t

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms. Address Box 25, Gagette Office. 196-3t

WANTED—Six or 8 rooms house near business section preferred. Address Box 200, Gazette Office. 195-2t

WANTED—Waitresses, white; $12 a week to those experienced. Apply Monticello Cafe. 185-tf

WANTED—Boy, 14 or over, with wheel. Apply 311 King street. 185-tf.

WANTED—Refined young couple desire good room and board with good family; Alexandria or vicinity. State terms. Box 300, Gazette Office. 193-3t

WANTED—By September 1st, 3 or 4 rooms for light housekeeping. Address T. Gazette Office. 195-3t.

WANTED—Good kitchen man, $12 a week; also short-order cook; pay $18 to $20 per week to good man. Apply Monticello Cafe. 187-tf

WANTED—To buy a small shoe store, stock and fixtures, and to rent the building. Address Box 200 Gazette Office. 191-6t

WANTED—Girls at the Pants Factory, 2d floor, Gazette Building, 317 King street, Alexandria; $6 per week while learning; best wages paid experienced stitchers on sewing machines. Apply at once. 195-6t

HOO! HOO!

Join the Owls now while the charter is open and the Initiation Fee is only $6. After the charter closes it will be $25. This organization offers exceptional benefits for small monthly dues. The charter will positively close on Thursday night, August 22.

Every one whose application is in and all who want to file applications may see me or any member or be at Pythian Temple, 319 Cameron street, Thursday night at 7:30 p. m. Every member please be present to help to get all the new members possible.

SAM BAIN,
National Organizer.

What Is Chiropractic?
(Ki-ro-prak-tik)
Not Medicine; nor surgery.
It deals directly with the cause of ill health.
If you are sick and have tried everything else without satisfactory results, don't be discouraged, try CHIROPRACTIC Spinal Adjustments and get well.
Investigation costs nothing, and may mean health to you.
Dr. 'Beuchler,
Chiropractor
724 King st. Alexandria, Va.
Mon., Wed., Fri., Hours 1 to 4 p. m.

"The Store of Greater Service"
LANSBURGH & BRO
Washington, D. C.

A Sale of Women's Coats . . .

Medium Weight that You'll Want to Wear in the Motor and on Chilly Fall Nights

Choice of 81 Coats at 1-3 Off

Original Prices Ranged From $16.95 to $69.50

Materials include best grades of all-wool serge and poplins. Also silk crepe de Paris, silk taffetas, silk failles, silk poplins and heavy satins in all the wanted shades, including many navy blues and black.

Original ticket on each coat—Deduct One-Third.

Second Floor—Lansburgh & Bro.

NOTICE
We are pleased to announce that we are now located at 110 South Pitt Street, where we will give all orders prompt attention.
JOS. M. ARMSTRONG,

FLEISCHMANN'S DELICATESSEN
Try Our Home-Cooked Ham and Tongue
Liberty Potatoe Salad, 15c lb.
Butter, Cheeses and Eggs.

THE MONTICELLO CAFE
begs to announce that the ban has been lifted at this popular rendezvous for MEN in UNIFORM and their FAMILIES.

Cash-The Leader-Credit
904 King Street.

We are now showing a full line of Ladies', Men's and Boys' suits, skirts dresses, waists, sweaters and also a beautiful line of millinery. We advise you to look them over early and get a good selection. We will be pleased to have you open an account with us.

P. S.—We have on sale a few odd and end boys' suits, a few dresses and sick sweaters.

S. Kann Sons Co.

BUSY CORNER" PENNA. AVE. AT 8 TH. ST.

New Dollar Waists

You certainly should see. They are voiles, chiefly—colored, checked and striped voiles, and some in colored grounds with fancy colored stripes; also plain white.

The checked voiles have collars of white trimmed with small ruffles, the striped waists have collars of self-striped white voile, and the fancy striped waists have white striped voile collars and edged with self-material; vest of white, finished with white collar embroidered in white and squares of color to match waist. Lace trimmed. At $1.00.

Bargain Table—Street Floor.

ELECTRIC FANS

Just received new stock of high grade General Electric Fans which we will dispose of at *Special Prices.*

9-inch non-oscilating	$14.00
12-inch non-oscilating	19.00
12-inch oscilating	22.50

Alexandria County Lighting Company

524 King Street — Phone 193

NOTICE

You are Cordially Invited to Purchase Your Allotment of

War Savings Stamps

at the

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

Corner King and St. Asaph Streets

The Alexandria National Bank

Deal with the tall Bank on the corner of King and Royal Streets.

All transactions from the smallest to the greatest receive careful personal attention.

Home people and strangers welcome.

3 PER CENT PAID ON SAVINGS.

For Sale

Immediate possession, two story brick, slate roof dwelling, eight rooms and bath, furnance heat, detached, bright and cheerful. Large yard in rear, side entrance, centrally located, 1-2 square from King street.

Graham & Ogden

530 King street. Alexandria, Va.

JEWELRY ENHANCES THE CHARMS

—of lovely woman. Especialy such dainty, tasty adornments as are contained in our exhibit. The rings, bracelets, La Vallieres, etc., make ideal and lasting gifts, perpetual reminders of the giver's genrosity and good taste. And for high class jewelry our prices are remarkably low.

Saunders & Son

629 King Street.

AUCTION SALES.

By Samuel H. Lunt, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE—Sale of three desirable houses and lots, Alexandria, Va.

By virtue of and pursuant to the terms of a deed of trust dated April 10, 1916, executed by William Kyer and Louisa Kyer, his wife, to Robinson Moncure, as trustee, and of record in Deed Book No. 65, page 239 of the land records of Alexandria City, Va., at the written request and direction of the party thereby secured, by the said deed of trust, in front of the Royal street entrance to the market house, in Alexandria City, Va., on SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1918, at 12 o'clock M., those three parcels of ground with the improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereto belonging, located on the East side of Pitt street between Pendleton and Oronoco streets, with improvements and appurtenances, in Alexandria City, Va., and bounded as follows, to-wit:

First—Begining at a point on the East side of Pitt street 110 feet North of Oronoko street and at the North line of an alley 16 feet wide, and running thence North on Pitt street 16 feet 9 inches, and running back Eastward the same width and along said alley 110 feet to another alley 35 feet wide, with right of way over said alleys, and being acquired by said William Kyer from the Fogust heirs by deed recorded in Liber 60, page 95;

Second—Begining at the northwest corner of the aforementioned lot and running thence North on Pitt street to a point which is the southwest corner of Charles Gaskins' lot, being 16 feet in front and running back the same width 110 feet to said 35-foot alley, with right of way thereover and being acquired from Jones and Harrison by deed recorded in Liber 45, page 105;

Third—Beginning at a point on the East side of Pitt street 160 feet North of Oronoco street, and running thence North on Pitt street 16 feet 8 inches, and running back the same width 110 feet to said alley with right of way thereover, and being acquired also from Jones and Harrison by deed recorded in Liber 24, page 38, all said records referring to Alexandria City Land Records.

The said land is improved by three nice houses.

Terms of Sale—Cash. Conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser or purchasers.

Robinson Moncure,
Trustee.

186-e.o.d.

LEGAL NOTICES.

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 6th day of August, 1918.

Joseph Sampson vs. Annie Sampson. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant, a divorce a mensa et thoro from the defendant on the ground of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment and for special relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Annie Sampson, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit.

Edmund Hill, jr., P. Q. A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.

186-4w

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 6th day of August, 1918.

City Council of Alexandria, which sues for itself and for such other lien creditors as may come into, take part in and share the expenses of this suit, vs. Charles Dearborn. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to subject the following property, viz: That lot of ground with the improvements thereon on the West side of Lee street between Wolfe and Wilkes streets in the City of Alexandria, Va., and bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the West side of Lee (formerly Water) street, to the Southward of Wolfe street, at the distance of thirty feet North of the South line of the ground conveyed to William H. Markley by John Jamieson and wife, by deed dated Aug. 1, 1851, and running North with Lee (formerly Water) street 20 feet 8 inches; then West parallel to Wolfe street 80 feet to a 12 foot alley leading into Wolfe street; then South with said alley and parallel to Lee street (formerly Water) 20 feet 8 inches, and then by a straight line to the beginning, with the use of said alley and also an alley 3 feet wide and 40 feet deep running into Lee (formerly Water) street, in common with the occupants of the ground adjoining on the South, 8 inches of the width of said 3 foot alley to be taken from the lot above described to the payment of the state and city taxes due thereon, and to the payment of the debts of said Chas. Dearborn. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Chas. Dearborn is a non-resident of this state; It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Alexandria Gazette, a newspaper published in the City of Alexandria, once a week for four successive weeks, and posted at the front door of the Courthouse of this city.

H. Noel Garner, P. Q. A copy—Teste:

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.

186-4w

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 30th day of July, 1918.

Marion R. M. Iglehart vs. John W. Iglehart.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit; custody of infant child; and resumption of maiden name, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, John W. Iglehart, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit.

Robinson Moncure, P. Q., A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.
By Cora Duffey, D. C.

182-4w

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 30th day of July, 1918.

Maggie Winslow vs. Esau Winslow. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the filing of this suit and for general relief.

It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Esau Winslow, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interests in this suit.

E. Hill, jr., P. Q. A copy—Teste.

Nevel S. Greenaway,
Clerk.
By Cora Duffey, D. C.

182-4w

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the city of Alexandria, on the 23d day of July, 1918.

Lottie A. Connelly, who sues for herself and all other creditors of Harry E. Connelly, deceased, who may come in and contribute to the costs of this suit, and in her own right as widow, and also as guardian for Myrtle L. Connelly, an infant, complainant, vs. R. H. Cox, sergeant administrator of Harry E. Connelly, deceased, Myrtle L Connelly, an infant, 11 years of age, and F. P. Russell, her guardian ad litem, Annie Connelly, widow, Spencer Connelly, Paul Connelly, Bertie C. Lynch, Mattie C. Fisher, Della Connelly, Sallie C. Carroll and Augusta Parsly, defendants. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to subject the estate real and personal of Harry E. Connelly, deceased, to the payment of his debts; to settle the account of his personal representative: for partition of the real estate of which he died seized among those entitled, and commutation of widow's dower: for sale of the real estate of the infant Myrtle L. Connelly and application of the proceeds to her maintainance, schooling and support, and for settlement and distribution of his estate, and for general relief.

It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendants, Annie Connelly, widow; Spencer Connelly, Paul Connelly, Bertie C. Lynch, Mattie C. Fisher, Della Connelly, Sallie C. Carroll and Augusta Parsly, are non-residents of this state: It is ordered, That said defendants appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit.

Robinson Moncure, P. Q. A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway, Clerk.
By Cora Duffey, Deputy Clerk.

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 17th day of August, 1918.

Ada B. Smith, Complainant, vs. Hugh Smith, defendant. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant an absolute divorce from the bonds of matrimony from defendant on the grounds of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for more than three years prior to the institution of this suit; resumption of maiden name; custody of infant girl child, and for general relief. It apeparing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Hugh Smith, is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Robinson Moncure, P. Q. A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.

195-4w

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 17th day of August, 1918.

Lillian J. Lucas, complainant, vs. Thornton Lucas, defendant. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain a decree granting to the complainant, an absolute divorce from the defendant, on the grounds of wilful desertion and abandonment for a period of more than three years prior to the institution of this suit, and for general relief. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Thornton Lucas is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

Thomas M. Watson, P. Q. A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.

195-4w

VIRGINIA—In the clerk's office of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, on the 13th day of August, 1918.

Robert Shephard, complainant, vs. Jennie Shephard, defendant. In chancery.

Memo.—The object of this suit is to obtain for the complainant a divorce from the bond of matrimony from the defendant on the ground of wilful and voluntary desertion and abandonment for a period of more than three years prior to the institution of this suit. It appearing by an affidavit filed in this cause that the defendant, Jennie Shepard is a non-resident of this state: It is ordered, That said defendant appear here within fifteen days after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect her interests in this suit.

Wiliam P. Woolls, P. Q., A copy—Teste.

Nevell S. Greenaway,
Clerk.

193-4w

LEADERS FOUND GUILTY

I. W. W. Charged With Conspiring to Disrupt the Nation's War Program

Chicago, Aug. 19. — One hundred leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World were found "guilty, as charged in the indictment," by the jury after one hour's deliberation at their trial for conspiracy to disrupt the nation's war program late Saturday. Arguments for a new trial will be heard next week.

The defendants, including William D. ("Big Bill") Haywood, general secretary-treasurer of the I. W. W., face a maximum penalty of twenty-seven years in prison and a $10,000 fine each.

Federal Judge K. M. Landis, in his charge to the jury, withdrew the fifth and last count of the indictment, which charged conspiracy to defraud through the use of the postal service and especially that section excluding from the mails enterprises in the nature of schemes to defraud.

The remaining four counts specifically charge violation of the espionage act, the section of the criminal code prohibiting interference with the civil rights of citizens, the selective service act and the conspiracy statute.

HUN TO SHIVER IN PAPER

German Flax Crop is Small, and Outlook is Enemy Will Be Thinly Clad.

London, Aug. 19.—In Germany, just at present, the clothes shortage is occasioning much perturbation. Imports of textile raw materials have, of course, been next to nothing, and even the ingenious German has not been able to find a satisfactory substitute for cotton, though experiments have been made with nettles, pine needles, gorse and a number of other strange materials. Paper yarn is indeed being extensively used, but this is not overabundant, does not wear very well and is very expensive. To add to the difficulty of the situation, the German flax crop has been unexpectedly small, and much of it is required for war purposes. The Huns' outlook for being warmly clothed next winter is not encouraging.

STORE OPENS 8:30 A. M., CLOSES 5:30 P. M., EXCEPT SATURDAYS

SWAN BROS

Summer Clearance Sale

Now In Progress

Women's Wash Skirts and Suits Greatly Reduced

Women's $3.50 and $3.98 White Tub Skirts, now, $2.49

Women's $4.98 White Tub Skirts, now..... $3.49

Women's $7.50 Washable Suits in White and Blue, now..... $4.98

New Butterick Patterns..... 15c, 20c, & 25c

FOR SALE

KING STREET PROPERTY, 30 FOOT FRONTAGE, BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND COLUMBUS STREETS.

Alexander Suter, Inc.,

OFFICES— 529 King Street Phone 806
309 Cameron Street, Phone 495.

The First National Bank

OF ALEXANDRIA VIRGINIA

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER ALL

Liberty Bonds

PURCHASED THROUGH THIS BANK

and

Paid for in full

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

Established 1853

High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate

Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques.

Your Winter's Coal Supply

On account of rulings of the U. S. Fuel Administration, it seems doubtful if Virginia will receive sufficient anthracite coal to supply the demands. If present rulings are maintained, this shortage will be very great in Alexandria and we earnestly advise our customers to put in a reasonable amount of bituminous coal as a safeguard against a coal shortage next winter.

We are now securing some very fine bituminous coal which we believe will work in all characters of coal burners but the Latrobe stoves.

W. A. SMOOT & COMPANY, INC.

HMOND THEATER TOMORROW

See . . . **Jewel Carmen**

in

The Fallen Angel

Beauty Exacts Tribute, But Fate Delivers The Goods C. O. D.

Based on Gouverneur Morris's Story, "YOU CAN'T GET AWAY WITH IT."

Her woman's soul burned for silks and limousines. She got them—but she paid the price of real happiness.

BRAY'S PICTOGRAPH Will Also Be Shown.

RICHMOND THEATER TONIGHT

He's In a Harem, Now!

The Queen of the Harem needed help. Could she get it? Could she! Who could give it better than our loose-fitted American friend,

Douglas Fairbanks

in

"Bound in Morocco"

Thrilling situations, abundant comedy and plenty Fairbanksian stunts which make this offering one to be remembered.

BRAY'S PICTOGRAPH

SURPRISE THEATER TONIGHT

The World's Famous Beauty,

Lina Cavalieri

in

"The Eternal Temptress"

Her glorious beauty, her powerful dramatic power, and her gripping personality will enthrall you in this picture.

Also "THE HOUSE OF HATE"

Owing to the remodeling of the Surprise Theater pictures will be shown on Mondays and Saturdays only.

RAILROADS.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule In Effect June 10, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily 8:08, 9:53, 10:03 a. m., 12:13, 12:28; 1:18, 2:58, 3:18, 10:13, 11:38 p. m.

Week days only, 6:20 p. m. Saturdays only 5:05 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 2:35, 7:55 (local) and 9:47, a. m.; 2:27, 2:47, 5:17 (local) 6:17, 8:17, 9:17 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 10:50 a. m daily and 2:58 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:48 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

SHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In Effect February 24, 1918.

Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington.

A. M.—*5.00, †5.40, †6.00, *6.10, 6.20, 6.40, *6.50, 7.00, *7.10, 7.20, *7.30, 7.40, *7.45, *7.50, *7.55, 8.00, *8.05, 8.20, *8.30, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40.

P. M.—12.00, 12.20, 12.40, 1.00, 1.20, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.50, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 6.00, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 7.00, 7.10, 7.40, 8.00, 8.20, 8.40, 9.05, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00.

A. M.—12.00.

*Sundays and Holidays.

†Sundays.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon

A. M.—6.35, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.50, 10.55.

P. M.—12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.25, 10.25, 11.55.

†Except Sundays.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY

Lumber and Mill Work

Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

"It's like this"—

An auto tire is too expensive to have any one experiment with.

In our shop—"Over 20 years' experience back of every job."

Expert nursing for sick tires.

Leahy's Tire Hospital,

Opposite Police Station

Alexandria, Virginia.

WASHINGTON - VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY

NOTICE TO TRAINMEN

Commencing September 1, 1918, and thereafter until further notice, wages of motormen and conductors will be as follows:

In Continuous Service	Per Hour
Less than one year	40c
Second year	41c
Third year	42c
Fourth year	43c
Fifth year and thereafter.	44c

Extra men wil lreceive one-half pay from time of reporting for work until excused for the day or asigned to a run.

J. W. RICH, Supt.

Washington, D. C., August 17, 1918.

GRAVE CONDITIONS.

Germans And Austrians Near Starvation, Too Weak to Work. Riots Probable.

London, Aug. 19.—Turnips, weeds, nettles and an occasional sick dog costing $25, form the chief food for the great bulk of Austria-Hungary's population, according to a comprehensive review of the economic situation in the dual monarchy by a frontier correspondent of the Daily Express. Thousands of deaths occur weekly as a result of underfeeding or actual starvation. The economic situation in Germany is described as almost equally bad. It is declared doubtful if Austria-Hungary can last through another winter without an empire-wide hunger revolution.

A few ounces of indigestible bread, weeds and nettles, called "spinach substitute," constitute the daily dole for which tens of thousands of Vienna men, women and children are scrambling. Factories are idle. The workers have not the strength to work.

Mail trains passing through country stations are besieged by mobs of half-starved villagers begging and fighting for a few crumbs from the tables in the dining cars. Even the crowded hospitals are short of food.

The daily papers print many columns of advertisements inserted by starving citizens. A feather bolster is offered for ten pounds of flour; baby clothes and bed linen for drippings; a winter jacket for a couple of eggs.

Germany, herself, reduced to starvation rations, is unable to help her ally. Some of the stock of foods that had been reserved for the German army has been sent to Austria-Hungary to avert revolt in the dual morarchy, but this supply was insignificant and the only result has been increased dissatisfaction and hostility in both countries.

Germany will reap the new harvest in a few weeks, but all reports are that it falls far short of expectations, and it can do nothing to alleviate the damage already done to the national efficiency and the industrial and military output.

Hunger, typhus, dysentery and consumption are rampant.

Meanwhile the rich have little or no trouble securing food, though at exorbitant prices. Smugglers risk their lives bringing butter and bacon from Holland or Denmark, for which they obtain $5 a pound. Eggs can be bough for 18 cents a piece.

HONORS FOR PRIESTS

Two Knights of Columbus Chaplains Threw Grenades and Fired Guns.

Two priests, Rev. John Devalles and Rev. Osias Boucher, Knights of Columbus chaplains, who were awarded the Croix de Guerre by the French government in recognition of their heroism during the early days of the great German drive, have been given commissions by the United States government for throwing hand grenades and firing machine guns on the battlefield.

So read a cablegram received last night from headquarters of the Knights of Columbus in Paris. Both men are New Englanders.

Father Devalles was cited for caring for wounded men, encouraging advancing troops and throwing hand grenades without thought of his personal safety during a recent offensive.

Regardless of bursting shells and exploding grenades, Father Boucher attended to his ministerial duties until he discovered that a machine gun squad was in difficulty. He immediately joined this group, fought side by side with the men, and when the gunner was wounded he continued the fire until another gunner was brought from the rear.

WANTED—An experienced clothing salesman to manage store in Alexandria; excellent opportunity for right man; answer stating age, past experience and salary expected; all answers held in confidence. Address Manager, care Gazette Office. 194-tf

Germany, it is said, has demanded that Austria send 10 to 15 divisons to the western front. Austria assented to this, the dispatch says, on condition that Germany would accept Austria's solution of the Polish question and make a strong peace move, including the evacuation and restoration of Belgium. Germany promised to concede to Austria the solution of the Polish question, including the naming of an Austrian archduke as king, the dispatch asserts.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Notice to City Tax Payers

Notice is hereby given that I am now prepared to receive the city taxes collectable by me for the year 1918. The usual discount of 5 per cent will be allowed on all bills paid in full if paid prior to August 24, 1918, and all bills not paid bfore December 1, 1918, a penalty of 5 per cent will be added. Bring a list of all property upon which you desire to pay and make application for the bills in order to save the discount as the collector will not be responsible or allow the discount after the time fixed by law.

P. F. Gorman,
Tax Collector.

196-3t

URGE CONSERVATION

Elimination of Waste Insurance Against Harvest Failure.

"We can not administer the food problem on the basis one year's war. We must prepare for its long continuance if we are to insure absolute victory," declare the food controllers of the United States, France, Italy and Great Britain in a joint resolution adopted at a conference in London. The resolution, which was cabled today to the United States Food Administration, emphasizes the necessity of building up reserves in North America as an insurance against possible crop failures here and elsewhere and the diminution of agricultural labor. The cable follows:

"Resolved, that while the increased production of the United States renders it possible to relax some of the restrictions which have borne with peculiar hardship upon all our peoples, yet it is absolutely necessary that rigid economy and elimination of waste in production, should be maintained throughout the European allied countries and in North America. It is only by such economy and elimination of waste that the transportation of the necessary men and supplies from North America to the European front can be accomplished and that stocks of foodstuffs can be built up in North America as an insurance against the ever-present danger of harvest failure and the possible necessity for large and emergency drafts to Europe. We cannot administer the food problem on the basis of one year's war. We must prepare for its long continuance if we are to insure absolute victory."

Before the war, only about 10 per cent of the food deficit in the allied countries was provided by America. Approximately 50 per cent of the allied deficit was filled last year by the United States and Canada. And from the 1918 crops we will very probably be caleid upon to supply a much larger proportion of this ever-increasing European deficit.

About 1,500,000 tons of shiping could be saved if we made it possible to withdraw ships now taking to Europe food from Australia, India and South America. Were this done, it would be possible to transport and maintain in France a much larger army of American soldiers. Many of the difficulties of convoy could be overcome if the bulk of shipping plied the single lane between Europe and North America. Interpreted in trems of men on the fighting front, every ship diverted from Australia could perform an equivalent service from American ports and in the time it had taken for one round trip from Europe to Australia could make two additional trips from Europe to the United States. In other words, it could furnish Europe with the same amount of food and in the same length of time could make one trip as a troop ship and another to transport additional food.

With men leaving our farms in ever-increasing numbers to engage in direct war work, we probably see the year the height of our agricultural production. To protect ourselves and the allies against the inevitable shortages of the future we must take vantage of this year's production to lay by reserves.

Although public eating places and household which voluntarily went to a no-wheat basis earlier in the year have been released from their promise to forego entirely the use of wheat, they must still practice economy. Release from their pledge only places them on the same basis as the rest of the American people. Probably as long as the war lasts they must use Victory bread. They must face as rigid economy in other directions. Especialy is this true at present in the case of sugar. The American people as a whole are expected to at once adopt an honor ration of two pounds of sugar per person per month.

Twenty-two of the twenty-six suffragettes who were imprisoned in Washington Thursday have completed the first twenty-four hours of a hunger strike. They are demanding the "rights of political prisoners." Two of the twenty-six have been released on the payment of their fines.

Notice.

After August 15th, the on hand department of the American Railway Express Company will be located at 208 King street.

E. C. Sampson, Agent American Railway Express Company. 193-3t.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER
415 Prince Street. Alexandria, Va.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP.

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-two years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease helping the patient to regain his health. Sold by Leadbeater Drug Corporation.

COMMERCIAL AND FANCY

STATIONERY

Office Supplies

S. F. DYSON & BRO.

Booksellers and Stationers.

420 King Street.

GRAND THEATRE

To-Night

A Big Western Show

"The Kingdom of Love"

with

JEWEL CARMEN

The Star of the West—Also a Comedy

TOMORROW

WM. S. HART

in

"The Gentleman from Blue Gulch"

If It's a Hart, It Is Good—Also an Added Attraction.

LABOR DAY—"The Chain Invisible."

COMING — "Pershing's Crusaders."

For Rent—From September 1, 1104 King street, eleven rooms and bath, electric lights.

For Sale—512 Duke street, 711, 713 Wolfe street; 714 Duke street; 112 S. Columbus street; 209 and 211 North Patrick streee.

Also a large list of other desirable city, suburban and country properties.

M. L. HORNER

612 King Street. Phone 269

PROTOX

Pure Ground Meat Scraps For Poultry

Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.

ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

Important Announcement

GIRLS

Over 16 Years of Age

To learn telephone operating. You will be paid while learning, the best profession in the city for girls. Apply at 105 North Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

Ask for Chief Operator.

Commenting on the recent interview given by Admiral von Mintze, the German foreign secretary, in which he laid responsibility for continuation of the war upon the entente, the Frankfort Gazette says: "We must continue the hard and bitter struggle for the defense of the fatherland, for our enemies show little inclination for peace, and neither from Lloyd George, nor Clemenceau is any readiness for an understanding to be expected. The daily increasing influence of America upon the entente is of still greater importance. Any sign of desire for an understanding on the part of the European allies is counter balanced by the war craze of the United States. In such circumstances there is nothing to be done but to repress all premature hopes and arm ourselves with courage and perseverance for the next developments."

James Martin, caretaker of the Point Breeze chautauqua grounds at Smithville, near Wooster, Ohio, on Thursday found the lower half of a woman's body in a weighted sack in a water hole near the grounds. The legs of the body had been sawed in two at the knees, and indications were that the body had been in the water several weeks.